

MAY MERKLE-TAN, PHD

DATA SCIENTIST

Trained as a neuroimaging scientist studying brain functions in health and disease, May thrives in the interdisciplinary process of discovery and translating findings into data-stories. She is committed to integrating best practices in machine learning, statistical methods, and human interaction to derive actionable insights. May grew up in Singapore, is educated in the UK and Germany, and is a US permanent resident (green-card holder).

✉ hengrumay@gmail.com
📄 hengrumay.github.io
☎ 917-932-6639
in hengrumay
🌐 hengrumay

COMMUNICATION | IMPACT

LINK TO PUBLICATIONS (10) & TALKS (27):
[HTTP://ORCID.ORG/0000-0003-2109-0781](http://ORCID.ORG/0000-0003-2109-0781)

Involved in knowledge sharing (developing enterprise analytics repository; communicating research; giving lectures on neuroimaging methods; scientific peer-reviewing; initiated and ran journal club for researchers), mentoring and outreach (supervising STEM students); participating in public data dives (e.g. DataKind | CapitalOne DevExchange | BBC 100 Women 2017 Challenge)

EDUCATION

UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH, UK
PhD Cognitive Neuroimaging
Research supported by The Carnegie Trust and conducted in collaboration with the Brain Sciences Center, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis VA Medical Center, USA

INTERNATIONAL MAX PLANCK RESEARCH SCHOOL, UNIVERSITY OF TÜBINGEN, GERMANY
MSc Neural & Behavioural Sciences
Thesis: Investigated somatosensory discrimination processes using evoked magnetic field analysis and equivalent dipole source estimation of neural signals

UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH, UK
MA (Hons) Psychology
Honors Concentration: Cognitive Neuroscience, Neuropsychology |
Additional Courses: Engineering Mathematics, Linguistics

SKILLS

PROGRAMMING
STATISTICAL
MACHINE LEARNING |
APPLICATIONS
WEB SERVICES | DATABASE
WEB-BASED EXPERIENCE
GRAPHICS & VISUALIZATION
RESEARCH

Python, R, Matlab
Parametric & Non-Parametric Statistics, Test-Retest Reliability Assessment, SPSS
Regression, Time-Frequency, Time-Series, Classification & Clustering Approaches,
Natural Language Processing (NLP), Neural Networks
AWS, SQL
Git & Github, HTML, CSS, Flask, Beautifulsoup
Adobe Illustrator, GIMP, ggplot2, seaborn, D3.js
Experimental Design, User-Interface, Data Acquisition, Study Management,
Publication & Communication, Scientific Peer Reviewing

EXPERIENCE

Data Scientist | Technical Consultant
COMCAST | EBI--DATA PRODUCTS AND ANALYTICS, ENGLEWOOD, CO Mar 2018 - Current

- Develop data science process and analytical tools: Integrate data from multiple databases (e.g. Teradata); Build machine learning pipelines for assessing and tuning multiple classification models; Extrapolate insights from big data modeling that links machine data with customer feedback to aid strategic decision-making in improving customer experience and cost-management

Data Scientist | Creative
FREELANCE, DENVER, CO Oct 2017 - Current

- Consult on data science projects; Author technical/white-paper(s) on the application of Machine Learning/NLP approaches in industry, e.g. Healthcare; Beta-testing data science curriculum|assessment UXI

Data Scientist | Independent Contributor
METIS, NYC, USA Oct 2016 - Jul 2017

Integrating research, machine-learning, and statistical tools to derive data-driven insights in full-stack data science projects such as:

- Integrated weather and air quality data to predict (83% accuracy) the frequency of asthma patients' visit to the emergency department using gradient boosted trees regression; rendered a prototype D3.js calendar application
- Applied Natural Language Processing (NLP) to associate recipe ingredients and to provide additional recipe suggestions based on distance metrics to ingredient tokens in searched recipes; Developed a "Recipe-Difficulty-Tagger" using structured learning and topic modeling (e.g. LDA) to engineer features for classifying recipe preparation difficulty (~86% precision & recall) and created a web-app to offer recipe alternatives based on ingredient topic similarity and categorized by difficulty
- Developed and trained convolutional neural networks (CNN) using Keras with TensorFlow to detect buildings in a highly unbalanced set of proprietary satellite images and generated interactive visualizations of the test image classification outcomes (~93% accuracy) using geospatial information embedded in the GeoTIFFs; Further explored image segmentation using computer vision techniques to delineate buildings in images

Visiting & External Research Affiliate
CENTRE FOR COGNITIVE NEUROIMAGING, UNIVERSITY OF GLASGOW, UK Oct 2015 - Mar 2017

- Continued collaboration on cross-frequency analysis of brain signals to uncover how dynamic sensory information could be neurally propagated to drive action intention

Research Fellow
INSTITUTE OF BEHAVIOURAL NEUROSCIENCE, UNIVERSITY COLLEGE LONDON, UK Feb 2012 - Aug 2012

- Developed a virtual reality navigation paradigm (using object-oriented Python) for studying (both behaviorally and neurally) how navigators acquire their understanding of an environment and respond to unanticipated changes

Senior Research Associate
CENTRE FOR COGNITIVE NEUROIMAGING, UNIVERSITY OF GLASGOW, UK Sep 2009 - Sep 2015

- Led the examining of test-retest reliability and differential neural oscillatory signals in health and neurological/psychiatric disease; assessed the suitability of neural oscillatory parameters for potential biomarkers in early detection, prognosis, and/or remediation; Demonstrated high repeatability of signals derived from sensors and approximated source estimations facilitating practical and analytical recommendations for large-scale applications
- Involved in projects funded by the Economic and Social Research and the Medical Research Councils, UK

Research Scientist
BRAIN SCIENCES CENTER, UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA, USA Mar 2008 - Sep 2009

- Assessed the synchronous neural activity in healthy controls and veterans with Post-traumatic Stress Disorder using magnetoencephalography (MEG) for potential diagnostic and therapeutic applications; Contributed to the development of open-loop classification of patient vs. healthy controls -- mimicking the scenario where you do not necessarily have a 'fixed' training and test dataset for diagnosis; yielded high sensitivity & specificity (~90%)